

Audit Progress Report and Sector Update

Including 2018/19 Interim Audit Update and the 2017/18 grants outturn report

Teignbridge District Council
Year ending 31 March 2019

21 March 2019



Contents

Section	Page
Introduction	3
Progress at March 2019	4
Audit Deliverables	6
Results of Interim Audit work	7
Sector update	10
Grant Certification Outturn 2017/18	19
Our external audit commitment	22

Introduction



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This paper provides the Audit Scrutiny Committee with a report on progress in delivering our responsibilities as your external auditors.

The paper also includes:

- a summary of our interim audit work and results;
- a summary of emerging national issues and developments that may be relevant to you as a Council; and
- includes a number of challenge questions in respect of these emerging issues which the Committee may wish to consider (these are a tool to use, if helpful, rather than formal questions requiring responses for audit purposes).
- Teignbridge District Council opted into the Public Sector Audit Appointments (PSAA) Appointing Person scheme which starts in 2018/19. PSAA appointed Grant Thornton as auditors. PSAA is responsible under the Local Audit (Appointing Person) Regulations 2015 for monitoring compliance with the contract and is committed to ensuring good quality audit services are provided by its suppliers. Details of PSAA's audit quality monitoring arrangements are available from its website, www.psa.co.uk. Our contract with PSAA contains a method statement which sets out the firm's commitment to deliver quality audit services, our audit approach and what clients can expect from us. We have set out our commitment to deliver a high quality audit service on page 23 of this report. We hope this is helpful. It will also be a benchmark for you to provide feedback on our performance to PSAA via its survey in Autumn 2019.
- An outturn report for the Grant Certification work completed in 2017/18.

Members of the Audit Scrutiny Committee can find further useful material on our website, where we have a section dedicated to our work in the public sector. Here you can download copies of our publications. Click on the Grant Thornton logo to be directed to the website www.grant-thornton.co.uk.

If you would like further information on any items in this briefing, or would like to register with Grant Thornton to receive regular email updates on issues that are of interest to you, please contact either your Engagement Lead or Engagement Manager.

Progress update

Progress at March 2019

Financial Statements Audit

We have completed our planning which included meetings with officers and review of Council (and other committee) papers.

Our audit risks are set out in our Audit Plan included as a separate item on the March 2019 Audit Scrutiny committee agenda. This plan also sets out our proposed testing to address each of the risks identified.

At the time of writing this report we have partially completed our interim audit work. This included:

- Review of the Council's control environment;
- Updating our understanding of the Council's financial systems;
- Review of Internal Audit reports on core financial systems;
- Early work on emerging accounting issues;
- Early substantive testing;
- A detailed review of management's assessment of going concern; and
- A detailed review of significant accounting estimates proposed by the Council for the 2018-19 accounts.

The results of this work is set out on page 7 of this report.

Value for Money

The scope of our work is set out in the guidance issued by the National Audit Office. The Code requires auditors to satisfy themselves that; "the Council has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources".

The guidance confirmed the overall criterion as: "in all significant respects, the audited body had proper arrangements to ensure it took properly informed decisions and deployed resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people".

The three sub criteria for assessment to be able to give a conclusion overall are:

- Informed decision making
- Sustainable resource deployment
- Working with partners and other third parties.

We have undertaken our initial risk assessment and have set out in our Audit Plan the significant risk identified. The risk identified is:

- The arrangements for achieving Financial resilience.

We will report the findings of our work against this risk in the Audit Findings Report by the deadline in July 2019.

Other areas

Certification of claims and returns

Since the December 2018 Audit Scrutiny Committee report we have certified the Council's annual Housing Benefit Subsidy claim in accordance with procedures agreed with the Department for Work and Pensions. The claim was certified prior to the 30 November 2018 deadline.

The results of our work are reported to you on page 19 of this report.

Meetings

We met regularly with the Finance team as part of our liaison meetings and continue to be in discussions with finance staff regarding emerging developments and to ensure the audit process is smooth and effective.

Events

We provide a range of workshops, along with network events for members and publications to support the Council. Teignbridge District Council was represented at our Financial Reporting Workshop in February 2019.

These workshops are designed to ensure that members of your Finance Team are up to date with the latest financial reporting requirements for local authority accounts.

Further details of the publications that may be of interest to the Council are set out in our Sector Update section of this report.

Audit Deliverables

2018/19 Deliverables	Planned Date	Status
Fee Letter Confirming the audit fee for 2018/19.	March 2018	Complete
Accounts Audit Plan We are required to issue a detailed accounts audit plan to the Audit Scrutiny Committee setting out our proposed approach in order to give an opinion on the Council's 2018/19 financial statements.	21 March 2019	Included on the March 2019 agenda
Interim Audit Findings We will report to you the findings from our interim audit and our initial value for money risk assessment within our Progress Report.	21 March 2019	Included on the March 2019 agenda
Audit Findings Report The Audit Findings Report will be reported to the July Audit Scrutiny Committee.	17 July 2019	Not yet due
Auditors Report This is the opinion on your financial statement, annual governance statement and value for money conclusion.	17 July 2019	Not yet due
Annual Audit Letter This letter communicates the key issues arising from our work.	August 2019	Not yet due
Annual Certification Letter This letter reports any matters arising from our certification work.	November 2019	Not yet due

Results of Interim Audit Work

The findings of our interim audit work, and the impact of our findings on the accounts audit approach, are summarised in the table below:

	Work performed	Conclusions and recommendations
Internal audit	We have written to Internal Audit regarding fraud and irregularities in accordance with the requirements of ISA 240. We will update our review of Internal Audit's reports as part of our second interim visit.	Our enquiries and our review of internal audit's work to date has not identified any weaknesses which impact on our audit approach.
Entity level controls	We have obtained an understanding of the overall control environment with a focus on the areas that could affect the preparation of the financial statements including: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Risk assessment processes• Monitoring of controls, and• Information and communication.	Our work has identified no material weaknesses which are likely to adversely impact on the Council's financial statements.

	Work performed	Conclusions and recommendations
Review of information technology controls	We will perform a high level review of the general IT control environment, as part of the overall review of the internal controls system.	Work has not yet been fully completed and will be a joined-up review for all organisations supported by Strata. We will also carryout a specific review at the systems level for Teignbridge.
Understanding business processes	<p>We have obtained and documented an understanding of the Council's business processes where we have considered that the class of transaction is significant to the financial statements. This has therefore, been completed for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cash • Collection Fund • Creditors/ Purchases • Debtors/ Fees and Charges • Grant Income • Investments • Payroll • Pensions • Provisions • Plant, Property and Equipment • Welfare Benefits 	No weaknesses were identified through obtaining an understanding of the business processes. The Council has processes and procedures in place that encourage good internal control.
Walkthrough testing	<p>We have completed a walkthrough test of the Council's controls operating in relation to journals.</p> <p>We will conduct walkthroughs of the areas where we consider that there is a risk of material misstatement to the financial statements. These areas are the valuation of the net pensions liability and property plant and equipment.</p> <p>Both of these areas are year end process and we have therefore not been able to complete this work at the interim visit.</p> <p>We have however documented the business processes in relation to these significant risk areas.</p>	Our work has identified a control weakness in the area of journals controls – more detail is provided on the following page.

	Work performed	Conclusions and recommendations
Journal entry controls	<p>We have reviewed the Council's journal entry policies and procedures as part of determining our journal entry testing strategy.</p> <p>A control weakness has been identified relating to users being able to post journals without authorisation.</p> <p>Users can post journals without authorisation onto the financial system. Hardcopy journals are retained which show both the inputter and the authoriser. This does not however prevent a user inputting a journal without hardcopy authorisation.</p> <p>This increase the risk of misstatement in the financial statements.</p> <p>The council have mitigating controls in place. All journals posted over £100k are reviewed weekly by the Section 151 (or Deputy) officer. All journals over £50k are reviewed monthly by the Section 151 (or Deputy) officer.</p> <p>Our detailed journals testing will be completed at the year end.</p>	<p>The identified weakness in the journals authorisation process will be taken into consideration during testing.</p> <p>We will review the Council's internal checks to see if they are effective in detecting or correcting misstatements.</p> <p>We recommend that there is a separation of duties for raising and authorising journals where practicable.</p>
Early substantive testing	<p>We have undertaken early substantive testing in the areas detailed below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Operating expenditure • Other revenue • Welfare benefits <p>A sample of transactions from month 1 to month 9 was tested for each transaction type which were agreed to supporting documentation.</p>	<p>No issues were identified through our early substantive testing. All transactions sampled were agreed to appropriate and sufficient supporting documentation.</p>

Sector update

Sector Update

Councils are tackling a continuing drive to achieve greater efficiency in the delivery of public services, whilst facing the challenges to address rising demand, ongoing budget pressures and social inequality.

Our sector update provides you with an up to date summary of emerging national issues and developments to support you. We cover areas which may have an impact on your organisation, the wider Local Government Sector and the public sector as a whole. Links are provided to the detailed report/briefing to allow you to delve further and find out more.

Our public sector team at Grant Thornton also undertake research on service and technical issues. We will bring you the latest research publications in this update. We also include areas of potential interest to start conversations within the organisation and with Audit Scrutiny committee members, as well as any accounting and regulatory updates.

- [Grant Thornton Publications](#)
- [Insights from local government sector specialists](#)
- [Reports of interest](#)
- [Accounting and regulatory updates](#)

More information can be found on our dedicated public sector and local government sections on the Grant Thornton website by clicking on the logos below:

Public Sector

Local
government

Public Sector Audit Appointments – Report on the results of auditors’ work 2017/18

This is the fourth report published by Public Sector Audit Appointments (PSAA) and summarises the results of auditors’ work at 495 principal local government and police bodies for 2017/18. This will be the final report under the statutory functions from the Audit Commission Act 1998 that were delegated to PSAA on a transitional basis.

The report covers the timeliness and quality of financial reporting, auditors’ local value for money work, and the extent to which auditors used their statutory reporting powers.

For 2017/18, the statutory accounts publication deadline came forward by two months to 31 July 2018. This was challenging for bodies and auditors and it is encouraging that 431 (87 per cent) audited bodies received an audit opinion by the new deadline.

The most common reasons for delays in issuing the opinion on the 2017/18 accounts were:

- technical accounting/audit issues;
- various errors identified during the audit;
- insufficient availability of staff at the audited body to support the audit;
- problems with the quality of supporting working papers; and
- draft accounts submitted late for audit.

All the opinions issued to date in relation to bodies’ financial statements are unqualified, as was the case for the 2016/17 accounts. Auditors have made statutory recommendations to three bodies, compared to two such cases in respect of 2016/17, and issued an advisory notice to one body.

The number of qualified conclusions on value for money arrangements looks set to remain relatively constant. It currently stands at 7 per cent (32 councils, 1 fire and rescue authority, 1 police body and 2 other local government bodies) compared to 8 per cent for 2016/17, with a further 30 conclusions for 2017/18 still to be issued.

The most common reasons for auditors issuing qualified VFM conclusions for 2017/18 were:

- the impact of issues identified in the reports of statutory inspectorates, for example Ofsted;
- corporate governance issues;
- financial sustainability concerns; and
- procurement/contract management issues.

All the opinions issued to date in relation to bodies’ financial statements are unqualified, as was the case for the 2016/17 accounts.

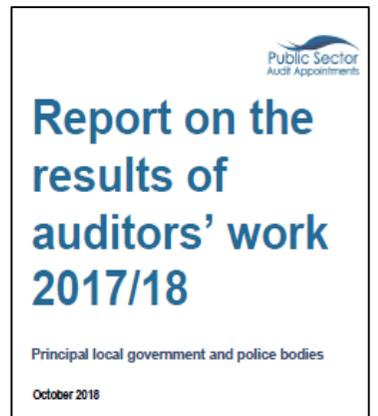
The report is available on the PSAA website:

<https://www.psa.co.uk/audit-quality/reports-on-the-results-of-auditors-work/>

PSAA Report

Challenge question:

Has your Council identified improvements to be made to the 2018/19 financial statements audit and Value for Money Conclusion?



National Audit Office – Local auditor reporting in England 2018

The report describes the roles and responsibilities of local auditors and relevant national bodies in relation to the local audit framework and summarises the main findings reported by local auditors in 2017-18. It also considers how the quantity and nature of the issues reported have changed since the Comptroller & Auditor General (C&AG) took up his new responsibilities in 2015, and highlights differences between the local government and NHS sectors.

Given increasing financial and demand pressures on local bodies, they need strong arrangements to manage finances and secure value for money. External auditors have a key role in determining whether these arrangements are strong enough. The fact that only three of the bodies (5%) the NAO contacted in connection with this study were able to confirm that they had fully implemented their plans to address the weaknesses reported suggests that while auditors are increasingly raising red flags, some of these are met with inadequate or complacent responses.

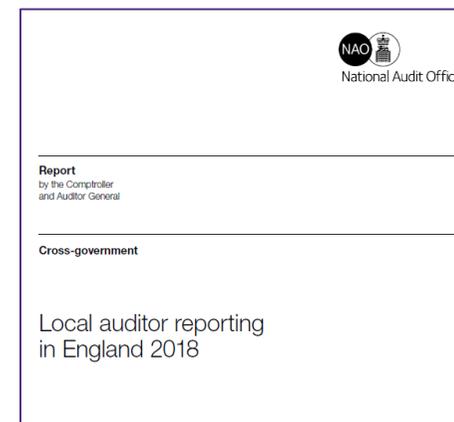
Qualified conclusions on arrangements to secure value for money locally are both unacceptably high and increasing. Auditors qualified their conclusions on arrangements to secure value for money at an increasing number of local public bodies: up from 170 (18%) in 2015-16 to 208 (22%) in 2017-18. As at 17 December 2018, auditors have yet to issue 20 conclusions on arrangements to secure value for money, so this number may increase further for 2017-18.

The proportion of local public bodies whose plans for keeping spending within budget are not fit-for-purpose, or who have significant weaknesses in their governance, is too high. This is a risk to public money and undermines confidence in how well local services are managed. Local bodies need to demonstrate to the wider public that they are managing their organisations effectively, and take local auditor reports seriously. Those charged with governance need to hold their executives to account for taking prompt and effective action. Local public bodies need to do more to strengthen their arrangements and improve their performance.

Local auditors need to exercise the full range of their additional reporting powers, where this is the most effective way of highlighting concerns, especially where they consider that local bodies are not taking sufficient action. Departments need to continue monitoring the level and nature of non-standard reporting, and formalise their processes where informal arrangements are in place. The current situation is serious, with trend lines pointing downwards.

The report is available on the NAO website:

<https://www.nao.org.uk/report/local-auditor-reporting-in-england-2018/>



NAO Report

Challenge question:

Has your Council responded appropriately to any concerns or issues raised in the External Auditor's report for 2017/18?



National Audit Office – Local authority governance

The report examines whether local governance arrangements provide local taxpayers and Parliament with assurance that local authority spending achieves value for money and that authorities are financially sustainable.

Local government has faced considerable funding and demand challenges since 2010-11. This raises questions as to whether the local government governance system remains effective. As demonstrated by Northamptonshire County Council, poor governance can make the difference between coping and not coping with financial and service pressures. The Department (Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government) places great weight on local arrangements in relation to value for money and financial sustainability, with limited engagement expected from government. For this to be effective, the Department needs to know that the governance arrangements that support local decision-making function as intended. In order to mitigate the growing risks to value for money in the sector the Department needs to improve its system-wide oversight, be more transparent in its engagement with the sector, and adopt a stronger leadership role across the governance network

Not only are the risks from poor governance greater in the current context as the stakes are higher, but the process of governance itself is more challenging and complex. Governance arrangements have to be effective in a riskier, more time-pressured and less well-resourced context. For instance, authorities need to:

- maintain tight budgetary control and scrutiny to ensure overall financial sustainability at a time when potentially contentious savings decisions have to be taken and resources for corporate support are more limited; and
- ensure that they have robust risk management arrangements in place when making commercial investments to generate new income, and that oversight and accountability is clear when entering into shared service or outsourced arrangements in order to deliver savings.

Risk profiles have increased in many local authorities as they have reduced spending and sought to generate new income in response to funding and demand pressures. Local authorities have seen a real-terms reduction in spending power (government grant and council tax) of 28.6% between 2010-11 and 2017-18. Demand in key service areas has also increased, including a 15.1% increase in the number of looked after children from 2010-11 to 2017-18. These pressures create risks to authorities' core objectives of remaining financially sustainable and meeting statutory service obligations. Furthermore, to mitigate these fundamental risks, many authorities have pursued strategies such as large-scale transformations or commercial investments that in themselves carry a risk of failure or under-performance.

The report is available on the NAO website:

<https://www.nao.org.uk/report/local-authority-governance-2/>

NAO Report

Challenge question:

Has your Council got appropriate governance and risk management arrangements in place to address the risks and challenges identified in the NAO report?



CIPFA – Financial Resilience Index plans revised

The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) has refined its plans for a financial resilience index for councils and is poised to rate bodies on a “suite of indicators” following a consultation with the sector.

CIPFA has designed the index to provide reassurance to councils who are financially stable and prompt challenge where it may be needed. To understand the sector’s views, CIPFA invited all interested parties to respond to questions it put forward in the consultation by the 24 August.

CIPFA has also responded to concerns about the initial choice of indicators, updating the selection and will offer authorities an advanced viewing of results.

Plans for a financial resilience index were put forward by CIPFA in the summer. It is being designed to offer the sector some external guidance on their financial position.

CIPFA hailed the “unprecedented level of interest” in the consultation.

Responses were received from 189 parties, including individual local authorities, umbrella groups and auditors. Some respondents called for a more “forward-looking” assessment and raised fears over the possibility of “naming and shaming” councils.

CIPFA chief executive Rob Whiteman said with local government facing “unprecedented financial challenges” and weaknesses in public audit systems, the institute was stepping in to provide a leadership role in the public interest.

“Following the feedback we have received, we have modified and strengthened the tool so it will be even more helpful for local authorities with deteriorating financial positions,” he said.

“The tool will sit alongside CIPFA’s planned Financial Management Code, which aims to support good practice in the planning and execution of sustainable finances.”

CIPFA is now planning to introduce a “reserves depletion time” category as one of the indicators. This shows the length of time a council’s reserves will last if they deplete their reserves at the same rate as over the past three years.

The consultation response document said this new category showed that “generally most councils have either not depleted their reserves or their depletion has been low”.

“The tool will not now provide, as originally envisaged, a composite weighted index but within the suite of indicators it will include a red, amber, green (RAG) alert of specific proximity to insufficient reserve given recent trajectories,” it said.

It also highlighted the broad support from the sector for the creation of the index. “There was little dissent over the fact that CIPFA is doing the right thing in drawing attention to a matter of high national concern,” it said.

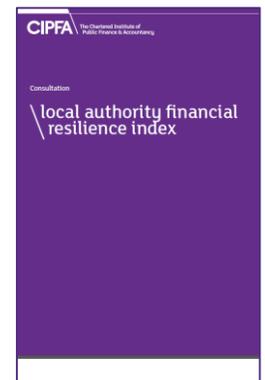
“Most respondents agreed to the need for transparency – but a sizable number had concerns over the possibly negative impacts of adverse indicators and many councils wanted to see their results prior to publication.”

As such, CIPFA plans to provide resilience measurements first to the local authorities and their auditors via the section 151 officer rather than publishing openly.

CIPFA Consultation

Challenge question:

Has your Head of Finance briefed members on the Council’s response to the Financial Resilience Index consultation?



ICAEW Report: expectations gap

The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW) has published a paper on the 'expectation gap' in the external audit of public bodies.

Context:

The expectation gap is the difference between what an auditor actually does, and what stakeholders and commentators think the auditors obligations might be and what they might do. Greater debate being whether greater education and communication between auditors and stakeholders should occur rather than substantial changes in role and remit of audit.

What's the problem?

• Short-term solvency vs. Longer-term value:

- LG & NHS: Facing financial pressures, oversight & governance pressures

• Limited usefulness of auditors reports:

'The VFM conclusion is helpful, but it is more about the system/arrangements in place rather than the actual effectiveness of value for money'

• Other powers and duties:

implementing public interest reports in addition to VFM

• Restricted role of questions and objections:

Misunderstanding over any objections/and or question should be resolved by the local public auditor. Lack of understanding that auditors have discretion in the use of their powers.

• Audit qualification not always acted on by those charged with governance:

'if independent public audit is to have the impact that it needs, it has to be taken seriously by those charged with governance'

• Audit committees not consistently effective:

Local government struggles to recruit external members for their audit committees, they do not always have the required competencies and independence.

• Decreased audit fees:

firms choose not to participate because considered that the margins were too tight to enable them to carry out a sufficient amount of work within the fee scales.

• Impact of audit independence rules:

new independence rules don't allow for external auditors to take on additional work that could compromise their external audit role

• Other stakeholders expectations not aligned with audit standards

- **Increased auditor liability:** an auditor considering reporting outside of the main audit engagement would need to bill their client separately and expect the client to pay.

Future financial viability of local public bodies

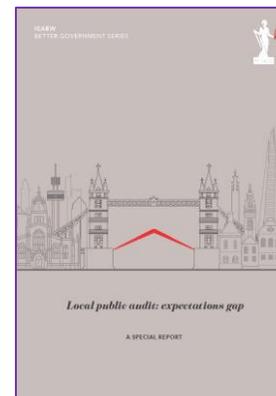
Local public bodies are being asked to deliver more with less and be more innovative and commercial. CFOs are, of course, nervous at taking risks in the current environment and therefore would like more involvement by their auditors. They want auditors to challenge their forward-looking plans and assumptions and comment on the financial resilience of the organisation..

The ICAEW puts forward two solutions:

Solution a) If CFO's want additional advisory work, rather than just the audit, they can separately hire consultants (either accountancy firms not providing the statutory audit or other business advisory organisations with the required competencies) to work alongside them in their financial resilience work and challenging budget assumptions.

Solution b) Wider profession (IFAC, IAASB, accountancy bodies) should consider whether audit, in its current form, is sustainable and fit for purpose. Stakeholders want greater assurance, through greater depth of testing, analysis and more detailed reporting of financial matters. It is perhaps, time to look at the wider scope of audit. For example, could there be more value in auditors providing assurance reports on key risk indicators which have a greater future-looking focus, albeit focused on historic data?

More information can be found in the link below (click on the cover page)



The expectations gap

Challenge question:

How effectively is the audit meeting client expectations?



Financial Foresight: Our sustainable solution for cash-strapped councils

Grant Thornton's new Financial Foresight platform helps provide local councils with financial sustainability.

Launched in early January, Financial Foresight is a unique platform that can help us provide financial sustainability to under-pressure local councils, using a combination of data, statistics and our expertise.

In December 2018, the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) estimated that 15% of councils are showing signs of financial distress. If the rate at which these councils are dipping into their financial reserves continues, the National Audit Office estimates that 10% of councils will have depleted their reserves by 2021. The latest figures from our Insights and Analytics team suggest this could be closer to 20%.

Alarm bells started to chime at Somerset, Surrey, Lancashire and Birmingham councils last year. Yet it was the catastrophic near-collapse of Northamptonshire County Council - after it chose for five years not to raise council tax to cover its spiralling costs - that shone the spotlight on this widespread problem.

Unless local councils can get to grips with the situation, we'll all feel the effects of deeper cutbacks in public spending.

What's causing the problem?

After eight years of government austerity which followed the financial crash of 2008, many councils are now digging deep into their financial reserves in order to provide public services to their communities – from social care to fixing potholes in the road.

Pressure on funding is further impacted by rapidly rising costs – especially for demand-led services as populations grow and age. Within just a few years, many councils will not have any reserves left to fall back on, and some have already said they will be unable to provide any non-statutory services at this time. Overlay Brexit onto this situation, along with the anticipated financial pressures this will bring, and the outlook for local authorities is extremely challenging.

How can we help?

The investments we have made in analytics coupled with the commercial success of our CFO Insights tool has enabled us to develop credible financial forecasts for every local authority in the country. From this platform we developed Financial Foresight; a unique, forward-looking financial analytics and forecasting platform designed to support financial sustainability in local government.

Financial Foresight takes account of factors such as population growth, development forecasts and demand drivers to project local authority spend, income and operating costs. It provides a baseline view on the financial sustainability of every local authority in England and allows leaders in each authority to benchmark their own outlook against others. This will help councils move on from resilience – or just getting by – to financial sustainability.

Head of Local Government Paul Dossett said: "Through Financial Foresight and our associated strategy workshops, we can support local authorities to test and appraise a range of financial strategies and levers to develop a plan for a sustainable future. The critical importance of authorities understanding their financial resilience is only going to increase, so we're proud to be leading the market with this offering."

For more information, follow the links below:

<https://www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/insights/councils-are-at-risk-but-do-they-really-know-why/>

<https://www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/insights/from-resilience-to-financial-sustainability/>

Brexit Room - Increasing readiness and resilience within your locality

Local authorities have always navigated uncertainty and faced challenges on behalf of communities and this role has never been more important than now. Whilst the outcome of Brexit remains uncertain at a national level, it is essential for councils to set a path to ensure the continued delivery of vital services and the best possible outcomes for their local communities and economies. Whatever happens over the coming weeks and months, it is important that councils identify key Brexit scenarios and use these to frame robust local contingency plans.

From our conversations with the sector we know that local authorities are at different stages in their preparation for this big change.

Here's a brief summary of the issues that we are seeing:

Organisations

- Engaging non-EEA nationals within the workforce to ensure they understand their residency rights and are not receiving incorrect information from other sources
- Loss of access to key EU databases on policing and trading standards and changes to data sharing arrangements
- Uncertainty around continuation of EU funding beyond 2020 and the implementation of the UK Shared Prosperity Fund.

Services and suppliers

- Engaging with key suppliers to assess their risk profiles and resilience
- Dealing with the immediate strain on key services such as social care and trading standards
- Potential disruption to live procurement activities and uncertainty around the national procurement rulebook post OJEU.

Place

- Considering scenarios for economic shock, the associated social impact in the short, medium and long-term and the potential impact on local authority financial resilience
- Potential impacts on major local employers, key infrastructure investment programmes and transport improvements
- Civil contingencies and providing reassurance and support to residents and businesses.

Our approach

The Brexit Room is a flexible and interactive half-day workshop designed to sharpen your thinking on the impact Brexit could have on:

Your organisation – including considerations on workforce, funding, and changes to legislation

Your services and suppliers – ensuring that critical services are protected and building resilience within supply chains

Your place – using our proprietary Place Analytics tools we will help you to understand potential impacts on your local communities and economy and develop a place-based response, working with partners where appropriate.

We can work with you to identify key risks and opportunities in each of these areas whilst building consensus on the priority actions to be taken forward. You will receive a concise and focused write-up of the discussion and action plan to help shape the next stages of your work on Brexit.

For more information, follow the link below:

<https://www.grantthornton.co.uk/insights/brexit-local-leadership-on-the-front-line/>

Brexit

Challenge question:

How well advanced are your Council's plans for Brexit?



Grant Certification outturn 2017-18

Grant Certification Outturn 2017/18

This section summarises our grants certification work and fees charged for 2017/18.

Introduction

We are required to certify the Housing Benefit subsidy claim submitted by Teignbridge District Council ('the Council'). This certification typically takes place six to nine months after the claim period and represents a final but important part of the process to confirm the Council's entitlement to funding.

The Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 gave the Secretary of State power to transfer Audit Commission responsibilities to other bodies. Public Sector Audit Appointments (PSAA) have taken on the transitional responsibilities for HB COUNT issued by the Audit Commission in February 2015.

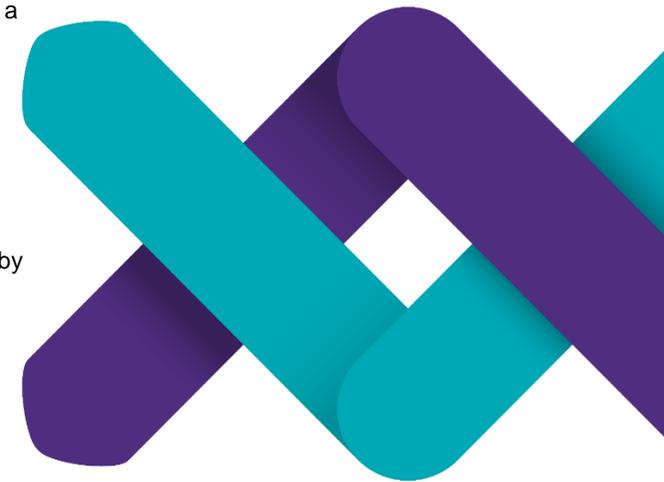
We have certified the Housing Benefit subsidy claim for the financial year 2017/18 relating to expenditure of £33.212 million.

We identified one issue from our certification work, that we wish to highlight for your attention.

- In 2016/17, we identified two cases (total value £280) where benefit had been overpaid as a result of the Authority miscalculating the claimant's earned income.
- We followed up the error with additional testing in 2017/18. As a result, we identified one case where benefit had been underpaid as a result of the Authority miscalculating the claimant's average weekly income. The value of the underpayment was £8.99 and this impacted cells 094 and 103 and the benefit period covered was 9 to 10 weeks.
- As there is no eligibility to subsidy for benefit which has not been paid, the underpayment identified does not affect subsidy and has not, therefore, been classified as an error for subsidy purposes.

As a result of the error identified, the claim was qualified but not amended, and we reported our findings to the DWP on 20 November 2018. The DWP may require the Council to undertake further work or to provide assurances on the errors we have identified.

The indicative fee for 2017/18 for the Council was based on the actual 2015/16 certification fees, reflecting the amount of work required by the auditor to certify the Housing Benefit subsidy claim that year. The indicative scale fee set by PSAA for the Council for 2017/18 was £5,478. No additional fee is deemed necessary. This is set out in more detail in Appendix A.



Appendix A – Summary of results and fees

Housing Benefit return

Claim or return	Value	Amended?	Amendment (£)	Qualified?	Comments
Housing benefits subsidy claim	£33,212,193	No	N/A	Yes	None.

Claim or return	2015/16 fee (£)	2017/18 indicative fee (£)	2017/18 actual fee (£)	Variance (£)	Explanation for variances
Housing benefits subsidy claim	£5,478	£5,478	£5,478	£0	Additional work required was in line with the levels required in 2015/16. Therefore no fee variation has been applied.

**Our external audit
commitment**

Our commitment to our local government clients

- Senior level investment
- Local presence enhancing our responsiveness, agility and flexibility.
- High quality audit delivery
- Collaborative working across the public sector
- Wider connections across the public sector economy, including with health and other local government bodies
- Investment in Health and Wellbeing, Social Value and the Vibrant Economy
- Sharing of best practice and our thought leadership.
- Invitations to training events locally and regionally – bespoke training for emerging issues
- Further investment in data analytics and informatics to keep our knowledge of the areas up to date and to assist in designing a fully tailored audit approach

"I have found Grant Thornton to be very impressive.....they bring a real understanding of the area. Their insights and support are excellent. They are responsive, pragmatic and, through their relationship and the quality of their work, support us in moving forward through increasingly challenging times. I wouldn't hesitate to work with them."

Director of Finance, County Council

Local Government audits 2018/19 and beyond Grant Thornton's External Audit commitment

Our relationship with our clients— why are we best placed?

- We work closely with our clients to ensure that we understand their financial challenges, performance and future strategy.
- We deliver robust, pragmatic and timely financial statements and Value for Money audits
- We have an open, two way dialogue with clients that support improvements in arrangements and the audit process
- Feedback meetings tell us that our clients are pleased with the service we deliver. We are not complacent and will continue to improve further
- Our locally based, experienced teams have a commitment to both our clients and the wider public sector
- We are a Firm that specialises in Local Government, Health and Social Care, and Cross Sector working, with over 25 Key Audit Partners, the most public sector specialist Engagement Leads of any firm
- We have strong relationships with CIPFA, SOLACE, the Society of Treasurers, the Association of Directors of Adult Social Care and others.
- We propose a realistic fee, based on known local circumstances and requirements.

New opportunities and challenges for your community

The Local Government economy

Local authorities face unprecedented challenges including:

- Financial Sustainability – addressing funding gaps and balancing needs against resources
- Service Sustainability –funding gaps and pressure on services
- Transformation – new models of delivery, greater emphasis on partnerships, more focus on economic development
- Technology – cyber security and risk management

At a wider level, the political environment remains complex:

- The government continues its negotiation with the EU over Brexit, and future arrangements remain uncertain.
- We will consider your arrangements for managing and reporting your financial resources as part of our work in reaching our Value for Money conclusion.
- We will keep you informed of changes to the financial reporting requirements for 2018/19 through on-going discussions and invitations to our technical update workshops.

Delivering real value through:

- Early advice on technical accounting issues, providing certainty of accounting treatments, future financial planning implications and resulting in draft statements that are 'right first time'
- Knowledge and expertise in all matters local government, including local objections and challenge, where we have an unrivalled depth of expertise.
- Early engagement on issues, especially on ADMs, restructuring, partnership working, inter authority agreements, governance and financial reporting
- Implementation of our recommendations have resulted in demonstrable improvements in your underlying arrangements, for example financial management, reporting and governance.
- Robust but pragmatic challenge – seeking early liaison on issues, and having the difficult conversations early to ensure a 'no surprises' approach – always doing the right thing
- Providing regional training and networking opportunities for your teams on technical accounting issues and developments and changes to Annual Reporting requirements
- An efficient audit approach, providing tangible benefits, such as releasing finance staff earlier and prompt resolution of issues.

Grant Thornton in Local Government

Our client base and delivery

- We are the largest supplier of external audit services to local government
- We audit over 150 local government clients
- We signed 95% of our local government opinions in 2017/18 by 31 July
- In our latest independent client service review, we consistently score 9/10 or above. Clients value our strong interaction, our local knowledge and wealth of expertise.

Our connections

- We are well connected to MHCLG, the NAO and key local government networks
- We work with CIPFA, Think Tanks and legal firms to develop workshops and good practice
- We have a strong presence across all parts of local government including blue light services
- We provide thought leadership, seminars and training to support our clients and to provide solutions

Our people

- We have over 25 engagement leads accredited by ICAEW, and over 250 public sector specialists
- We provide technical and personal development training
- We employ over 80 Public Sector trainee accountants

Our quality

- Our audit approach complies with the NAO's Code of Audit Practice, and International Standards on Auditing
- We are fully compliant with ethical standards
- Your audit team has passed all quality inspections including QAD and AQRT

Our technical support

- We have specialist leads for Public Sector Audit quality and technical
- We provide national technical guidance on emerging auditing, financial reporting and ethical areas
- Specialist audit software is used to deliver maximum efficiencies



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